

# Characteristics Associated with Michigan Children Under-Immunized in their First Year of Life

RACHEL C. POTTER

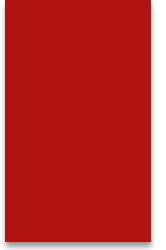
AIRA NATIONAL MEETING, APRIL 6, 2016

# Presentation Outline


- ▶ Background
- ▶ Methods
- ▶ Results
- ▶ Discussion

A large, dark teal rounded rectangle occupies the left side of the slide. It has a subtle gradient and a curved right edge.

Background




# Our inspiration



Vaccine

Volume 33, Issue 36, 26 August 2015, Pages 4572–4578



Exploring the heterogeneity among partially vaccinated children in a population-based cohort

Christopher A. Bell<sup>a,b</sup>, Kimberley A. Simmonds<sup>a,c</sup>, Shannon E. MacDonald<sup>a,\*</sup>

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**Highlights**

- Children not-completely vaccinated are a heterogeneous group.
- Many lifestyle factors impact vaccine completion.
- Multiple household moves and >3 children are linked to incomplete vaccination.
- Midwife delivery was strongly associated with vaccination status.

- ▶ Assessed vaccination status at age 2 years
- ▶ 2008 Alberta Canada birth cohort
- ▶ Children not up-to-date on vaccinations described as
  - ▶ Selectively vaccinated
  - ▶ Incompletely vaccinated
  - ▶ Non-vaccinated
- ▶ Maternal and household characteristics used as predictors

# National Immunization Survey 2014 Data

	U.S. Coverage	State Range	MI Coverage	MI Rank
4:3:1:3:3:1:4*	71.6 ± 1.5	63.4 – 84.7	65.0 ± 8.5	47th
3+ DTaP	94.7 ± 0.7	89.4 – 98.5	89.4 ± 6.1	50th
3+ Polio	93.3 ± 0.8	87.8 – 97.9	87.8 ± 6.5	50th
Hib – Primary Series	93.3 ± 0.8	88.9 – 98.4	88.9 ± 5.9	49th / 50th
3+ Hep B	91.6 ± 0.9	82.6 – 97.6	89.2 ± 5.1	41st/42nd
3+ PCV	92.6 ± 0.8	85.2 – 98.1	85.2 ± 6.9	50th

\*4 + DTaP, 3 + Polio, 1 + MMR, 3 + Hib / full series, 3 + HepB, 1 + Varicella, and 4 + PCV

# Vaccination Status Assessment

## Doses by age 12 months

3+ Hepatitis B (HepB)

3+ Diphtheria, Tetanus, and acellular Pertussis (DTaP)

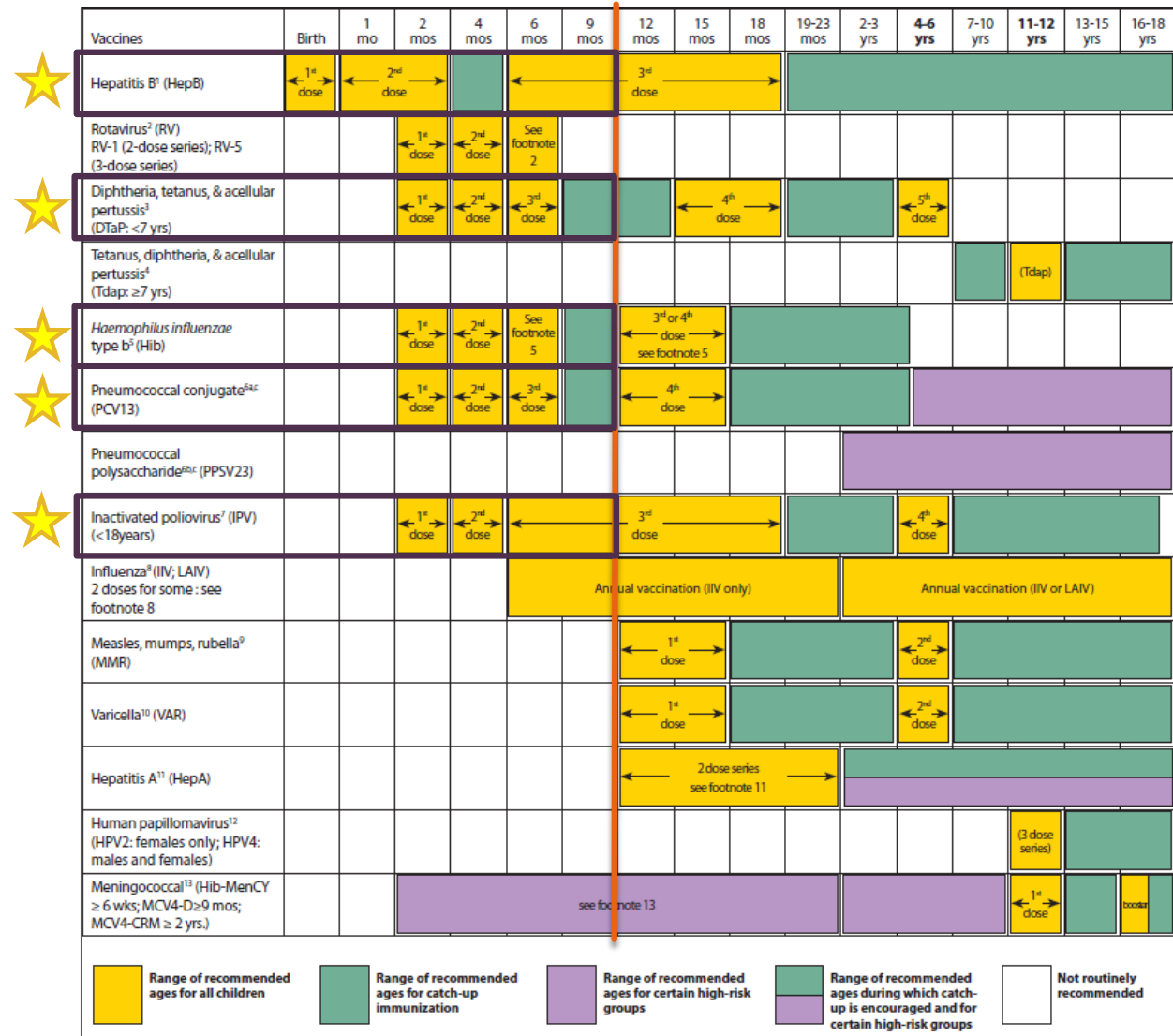
2+ / 3+ *Haemophilus influenzae* type b (Hib)

3+ Pneumococcal Conjugate (PCV)

3+ Inactivated Poliovirus (IPV)

**FIGURE 1. Recommended immunization schedule for persons aged 0 through 18 years —2013 (for those who fall behind or start late, see the catch-up schedule [Figure 2])**

These recommendations must be read with the footnotes that follow. For those who fall behind or start late, provide catch-up vaccination at the earliest opportunity as indicated by the green bars in Figure 1. To determine minimum intervals between doses, see the catch-up schedule (Figure 2). School entry and adolescent vaccine age groups are in bold.



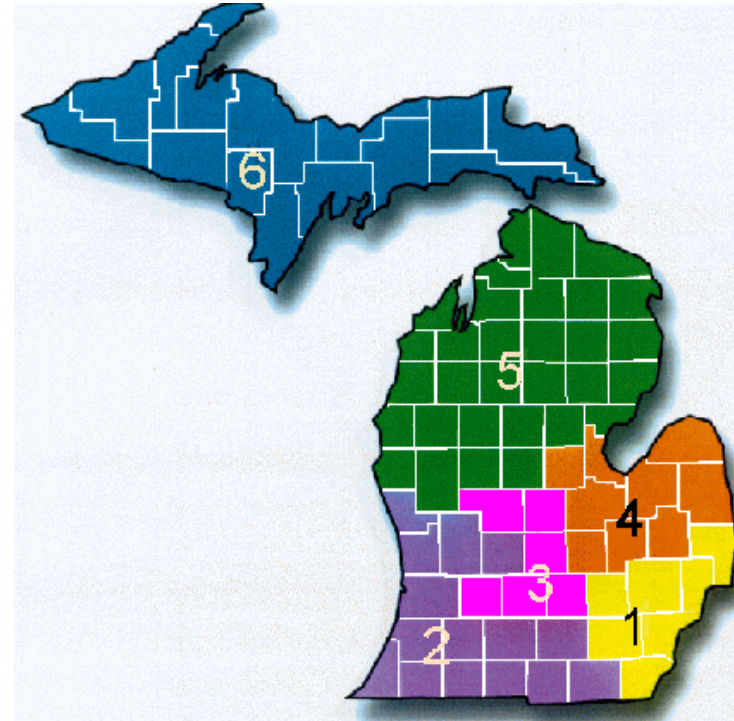


# Methods

DATA SOURCES  
STATISTICAL MODEL

# MCIR Background

- ▶ The Michigan Care Improvement Registry (MCIR)
  - ▶ Michigan's IIS
- ▶ Web-based
- ▶ Populated with electronic birth records
- ▶ Operated with a regional approach
  - ▶ Provider recruitment and training
  - ▶ Help desk
  - ▶ Advisory boards





# MCIR Background

- ▶ Legislation passed 1996
  - ▶ Opt-out
  - ▶ Vital Records integration
  - ▶ Mandated reporting for childhood immunizations
    - ▶ Less than age 20 years
- ▶ First rolled-out to providers in 1998
- ▶ IIS Sentinel Site since 2004
- ▶ Became a lifespan registry in 2006
  - ▶ No mandated reporting for adult immunizations
    - ▶ Age 20 years or greater

# Leveraging the EBC-IIS Linkage

- ▶ VitalRecords' Electronic Birth Certificate (EBC) integration part of legislation in 1996
- ▶ MCIR populated with EBC birth data from 1994 – current
- ▶ Information
  - ▶ Child
  - ▶ Responsible Party
  - ▶ Hepatitis B birth dose / HBIG
- ▶ This linkage has allowed MCIR to become the hub for clinics to obtain not only immunization records but also other public health data such as newborn screening and hearing.

# EBC population of IIS

- ▶ In the past, there was a weekly transfer of data between systems.
- ▶ Currently, there is a daily query of a view in the Vital Records EBC system
  - ▶ New and updated records are considered for import into the IIS
  - ▶ Sometimes a new record in the vital records system is simply a new version of an existing record in our IIS
  - ▶ Updates are compared with previous versions
    - ▶ Material changes are added to existing records
    - ▶ Non-material changes are ignored
- ▶ If a non-EBC record already exists, the EBC data is the default so an EBC ID will be present in the child's record.

# Linkage to EBC data

- ▶ The numeric EBC identifier can be used to access *additional* fields available in the live birth file
- ▶ Use of these fields requires:
  - ▶ Review by the MDHHS Institutional Review Board (IRB) and
  - ▶ Review by the MDHHS Privacy Officer and
  - ▶ Execution of a Data Use Agreement (DUA) between Vital Records and Immunizations

**HOSPITAL WORKSHEET**  
MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY HEALTH  
Vital Records & Health Statistics Section

1. MEDICAL RECORD NUMBER OF CHILD  
2. MEDICAL RECORD NUMBER OF MOTHER

4. CHILD'S NAME (first) (middle) (last)  
5. TIME OF BIRTH  
6. DATE OF BIRTH

7. SEX  
8. PLURALITY  
9. BIRTH ORDER  
10. CERTIFIER'S NAME (print or type)  
11. DATE CERTIFIED

12. MOTHER'S CURRENT LEGAL NAME (first, middle, last)  
13. ATTENDANT'S NAME AND TITLE (if other than certifier)

14. MOTHER'S FULL NAME BEFORE FIRST MARRIAGE (first, middle, last)  
15. MOTHER'S DATE OF BIRTH  
16. MOTHER'S STATE OF BIRTH (name of country if not USA)

17A. MOTHER'S RESIDENCE STREET ADDRESS  
17B. CITY, VILLAGE, TWP  
17C. COUNTY  
17D. STATE OR COUNTRY  
17E. ZIP EXTN

18. MOTHER'S MAILING ADDRESS IF DIFFERENT  
19. PO BOX #  
20. CITY, VILLAGE, TWP  
21. STATE OR COUNTRY  
22. ZIP EXTN

23. CURRENT MARITAL STATUS  
24. WAS MOTHER MARRIED AT BIRTH OR CONCEPTION?  
25. DID A COURT RULE THAT THE HUSBAND WAS NOT THE FATHER?  
26. DO YOU INTEND TO FILE AN AFFIDAVIT OF FALSIFICATION?  
27. MOTHER'S SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER  
28. FATHER'S SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER  
29. FATHER'S CURRENT LEGAL NAME (first, middle, last)  
30. FATHER'S RESIDENCE STREET ADDRESS (if different than mother's)  
31. FATHER'S CITY, VILLAGE, TWP  
32. FATHER'S STATE OR COUNTRY  
33. FATHER'S ZIP EXTN

34. DATE OF FIRST VISIT (month/day/year)  
35. DATE OF LAST VISIT (month/day/year)  
36. DATE OF LAST LIVE BIRTH (month/day/year)

37. DATE OF LAST NORMAL MENSTRUATION (month/day/year)  
38. DATE OF LAST NORMAL OBSTETRIC (month/day/year)  
39. DATE OF LAST BIRTH (month/day/year)  
40. DATE OF LAST OTHER TERMINATION (month/day/year)

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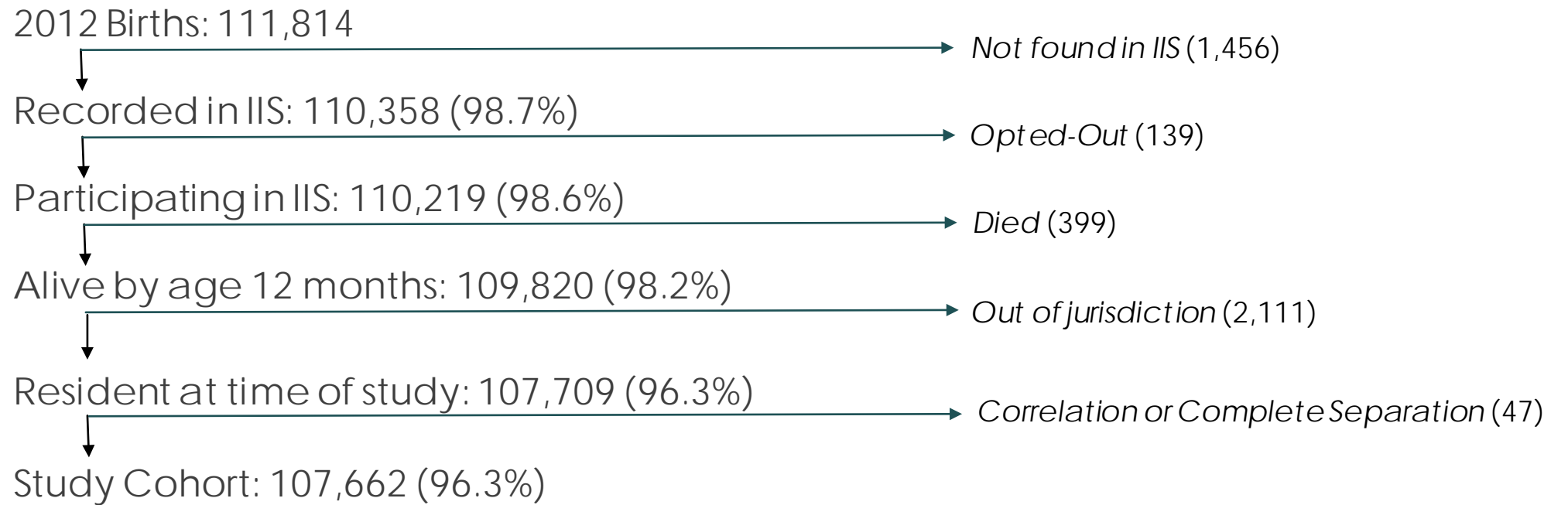
# Analysis

- ▶ Univariate analysis:
  - ▶ Multinomial logistic regression to estimate the odds ratios, 95% confidence limits, and p values of each variable against each incomplete vaccination outcome compared to complete.
  - ▶ Variables significant in the univariate analysis were included in a multivariable model
- ▶ Multivariable analysis:
  - ▶ Multinomial logistic regression to estimate the adjusted odds ratios (aOR), 95% confidence limits, and p values of each variable, adjusted for all the other variables in the model.

# Results



# Study population

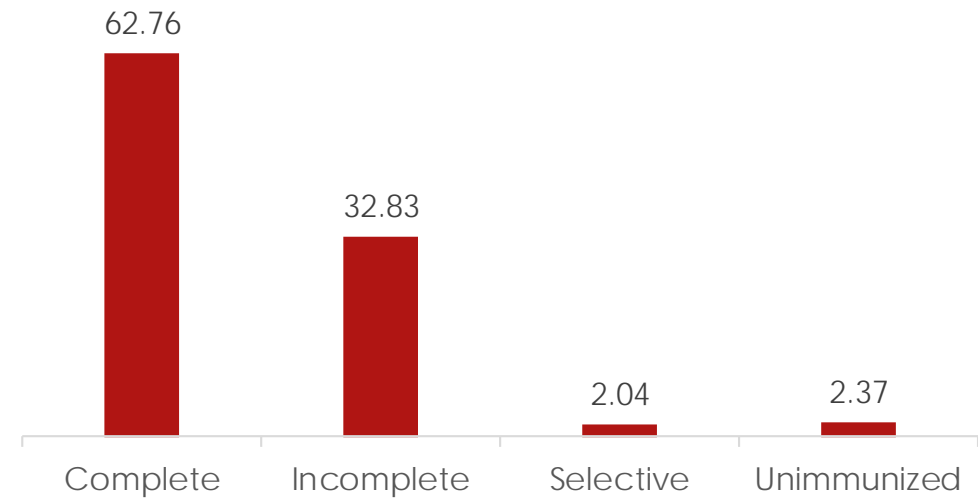


# Immunization Coverage by Age 12 Months

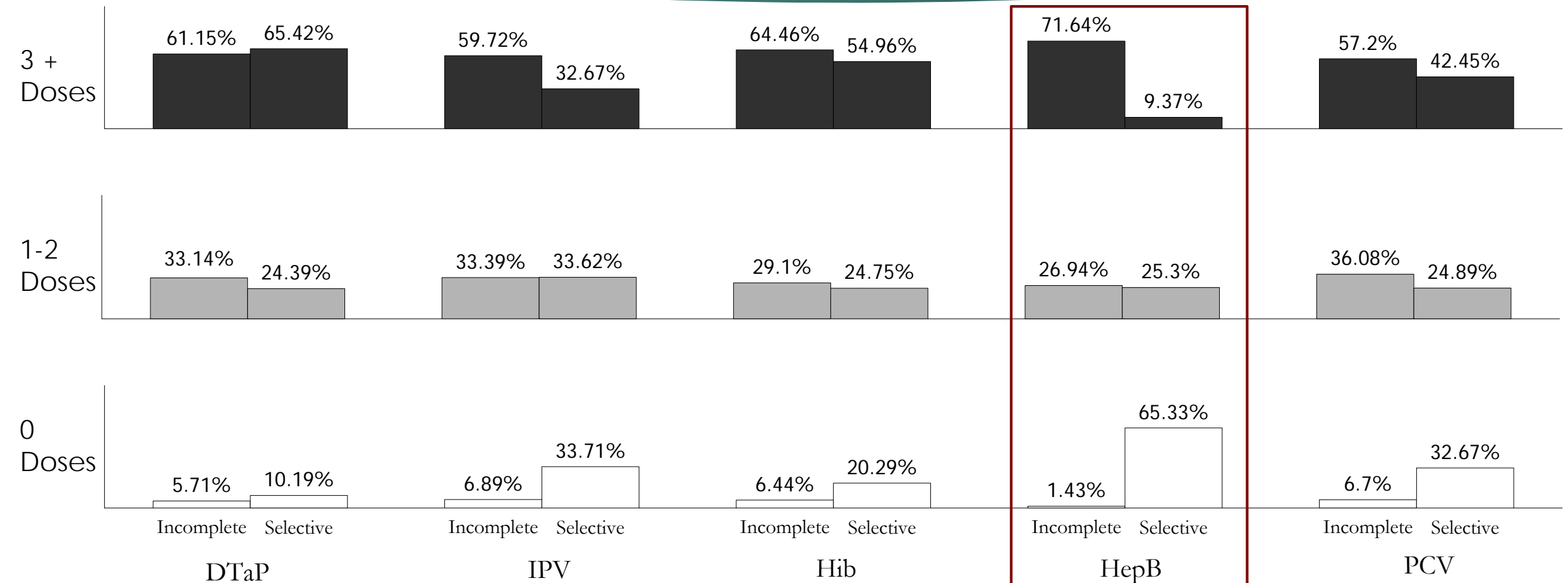
Vaccine	0 / None N (%)	1 or 2 / Not Up-to-Date N (%)	3 or more / Up-to-Date N (%)
DTaP	4,791 (4.45)	12,246 (11.38)	90,590 (84.17)
Polio	5,725 (5.32)	14,413 (13.39)	87,489 (81.29)
Hib	5,271 (4.90)	11,769 (10.93)	90,587 (84.17)
HepB	4,489 (4.17)	14,549 (13.52)	88,589 (82.31)
PCV	5,635 (5.24)	13,297 (12.35)	88,695 (82.41)

# Vaccination Status by Age 12 Months

- ▶ 62.76% Completely Immunized
  - ▶ 3+ Hepatitis B (HepB) *and*
  - ▶ 3+ Diphtheria, Tetanus, and acellular Pertussis (DTaP) *and*
  - ▶ 2+ / 3+ Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib) *and*
  - ▶ 3+ Pneumococcal Conjugate (PCV) *and*
  - ▶ 3+ Inactivated Poliovirus (IPV)
- ▶ 2.04% Selectively Immunized
  - ▶ All doses of one or more vaccines *and*
  - ▶ No doses of one or more vaccines
- ▶ 2.37% Unimmunized
  - ▶ No doses HepB, DTaP, Hib, PCV, or IPV
- ▶ 32.83% Incompletely Immunized



# Individual Vaccine Coverage Among the Selectively and Incompletely Vaccinated



# Multivariable Analysis (1)

	Incomplete n. Complete			Selective n. Complete			Non-Vaccinated n. Complete		
	aOR	(95% CI)	P-value	aOR	95% CI	P-value	aOR	95% CI	P-value
Birth Attendant / Facility (ref=hospital/physician)									
Home	2.116	(1.664,2.690)	<.0001	16.643	(12.479,22.196)	<.0001	1.711	(0.956,3.063)	0.0706
Hospital / midwife	1.248	(1.181,1.318)	<.0001	2.492	(2.164,2.870)	<.0001	3.288	(2.923,3.698)	<.0001
Prenatal care 1 <sup>st</sup> trimester									
	0.761	(0.736,0.786)	<.0001	0.811	(0.717,0.918)	0.0009	0.642	(0.578,0.713)	<.0001
Maternal age (ref= < 21)									
aged 21-25 years	0.938	(0.895,0.984)	0.0088	0.943	(0.737,1.205)	0.6376	1.076	(0.862,1.343)	0.5171
aged 26-29 years	0.767	(0.728,0.809)	<.0001	1.136	(0.887,1.456)	0.3129	0.832	(0.661,1.047)	0.1172
aged 31-35 years	0.699	(0.658,0.741)	<.0001	1.311	(1.013,1.698)	0.0396	0.728	(0.571,0.927)	0.0101
aged 36-40 years	0.663	(0.618,0.713)	<.0001	1.423	(1.076,1.880)	0.0132	0.823	(0.633,1.069)	0.1445
aged 41 years or more	0.706	(0.625,0.796)	<.0001	1.601	(1.110,2.308)	0.0117	1.150	(0.826,1.600)	0.4088
WIC enrollment (ref=never)									
	0.943	(0.908,0.979)	0.0020	0.433	(0.381,0.492)	<.0001	0.390	(0.350,0.435)	<.0001

# Multivariable Analysis (2)

	Incomplete <i>n</i> Complete				Selective <i>n</i> Complete				Non-Vaccinated <i>n</i> Complete			
	aOR	(95% CI)		P-value	aOR	95% CI		P-value	aOR	95% CI		P-value
Number of Siblings (ref=0)												
one	↓ 1.334	1.291	1.379	<.0001	↓ 1.031	0.929	1.144	0.5689	↓ 1.281	1.153	1.424	<.0001
two	1.554	1.491	1.620	<.0001	1.064	0.931	1.216	0.3647	1.894	1.675	2.142	<.0001
three	1.810	1.709	1.917	<.0001	1.029	0.839	1.261	0.7849	2.498	2.121	2.941	<.0001
four or more	↓ 2.238	2.083	2.403	<.0001	1.534	1.210	1.944	0.0004	↓ 5.128	4.298	6.119	<.0001
Maternal education (ref=college degree)												
Less than high school	↑ 1.253	1.182	1.328	<.0001	↓ 0.564	0.445	0.713	<.0001	0.675	0.545	0.837	0.0003
High school graduate	↑ 1.102	1.049	1.157	<.0001	↓ 0.617	0.526	0.724	<.0001	1.018	0.886	1.170	0.8002
Some college	1.042	0.998	1.089	0.0627	↓ 0.818	0.727	0.919	0.0007	★ 1.297	1.163	1.447	<.0001
Post-graduate degree	1.051	0.994	1.111	0.0795	1.004	0.883	1.141	0.9548	0.719	0.617	0.838	<.0001
Not married (ref=married)	1.092	1.054	1.131	<.0001	0.836	0.728	0.960	0.0111	0.574	0.507	0.650	<.0001

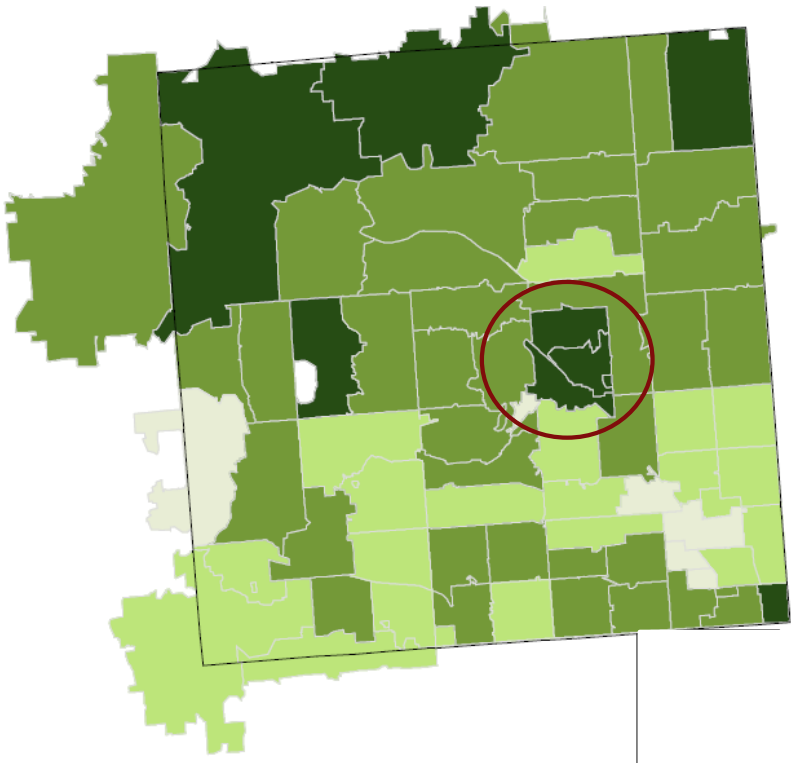


# Multivariable Analysis (3)

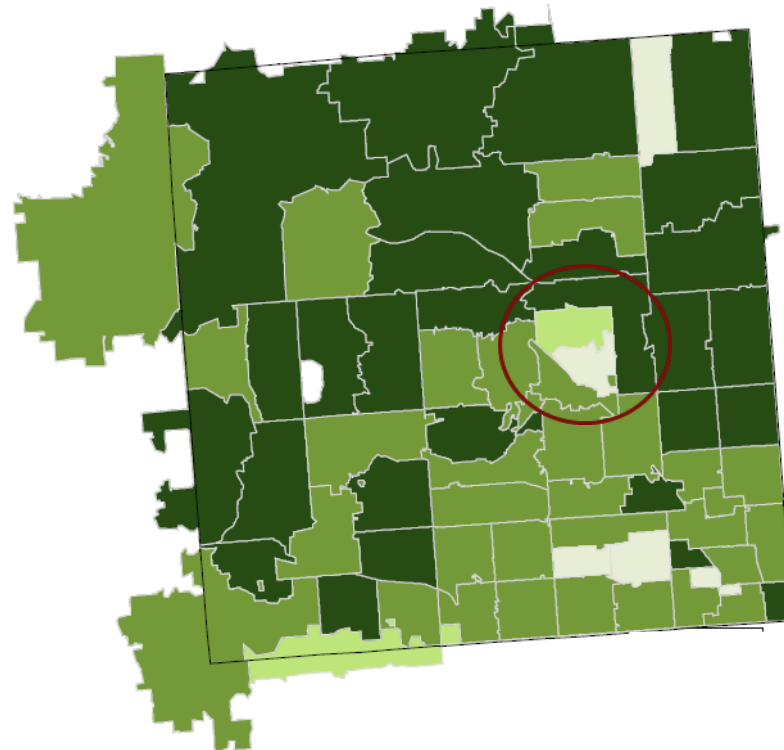
	Incomplete <i>n</i> . Complete			P-value	Selective <i>n</i> . Complete			P-value	Non-Vaccinated <i>n</i> . Complete			P-value
	aOR	(95% CI)			aOR	95% CI			aOR	95% CI		
Maternal Race (ref=white)												
Native American	★ 1.290	1.165 1.428		<.0001	1.080	0.741 1.575		0.6883	0.888	0.618 1.278		0.5240
Asian / Pacific Islander	★ 1.207	1.117 1.305		<.0001	0.313	0.221 0.443		<.0001	0.315	0.219 0.454		<.0001
Black	★ 1.134	1.094 1.175		<.0001	0.699	0.589 0.828		<.0001	0.522	0.443 0.616		<.0001
Other	0.942	0.886 1.003		0.0603	0.658	0.507 0.853		<.0001	0.407	0.310 0.535		0.0016

# Zip Code Maps

Incomplete



Non-Vaccinated



# Discussion

# Discussion

- ▶ Most children are completely immunized by age 12 months
- ▶ Of those children not up-to-date by age 12 months, the majority are incompletely immunized
  - ▶ 4% have completely omitted some or all vaccines
- ▶ Risk factors for having an incompletely rather than a completely vaccinated child are
  - ▶ Midwife-attended birth
  - ▶ Youth
  - ▶ Other children in the household
  - ▶ Having obtained less than a college education
  - ▶ Single marital status
  - ▶ Non-white race

# Discussion

- ▶ These data were shared at regional conferences and immunization stakeholders' meetings to promote discussion and identify strategies.
- ▶ Small-area data are useful for local health jurisdictions
- ▶ Interventions to improve coverage should be appropriate for the targeted population
  - ▶ Recall letters
  - ▶ Reminders
- ▶ Explore and / or expand partnerships with obstetricians, midwives, birthing hospital staff

# Acknowledgements

- ▶ Jevon McFadden, MD, MPH
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- ▶ Bob Swanson, MPH
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- ▶ Lauren Shaw, MS





Thank you